October 8, 1961

30.24-1879

A122

FIRST LEAD BERLIN BUDGET A20 (ROUNDUP) (600) 30-24

BY GEORGE BOULTWOOD

BERLIN, OCT. 8 (AP)-COMMUNIST POLICE FEIGNED AN ESCAPE ATTEMPT TONIGHT TO LURE FOUR WEST BERLIN CIVILIANS TO THE EAST BERLIN BORDER AND THEN OPENED FIRE. TWO OF THE WEST BERLINERS ESCAPED UNHURT, BUT THE OTHERS WERE BELIEVED CAPTURED.

FOUR OTHER WEST BERLINERS MADE A DARING ATTEMPT TO RESCUE THEIR GIRL FRIENDS FROM EAST BERLIN BUT WERE CAUGHT BY RED GUARDS AT THE BARBED WIRE BARRICADE.

THE LATEST OF THE NEARLY DAILY SHOOTING INCIDENTS ALONG THE BARRICADES CAME AS WEST BERLIN MAYOR WILLY BRANDT DECLARED HIS TALKS WITH AMERICAN LEADERS CONVINCED HIM THAT ANYONE WHO UNDER-ESTIMATES U.S.-DETERMINATION TO KEEP WEST BERLIN FREE IS PLAYING WITH FIRE.

JUST BACK FROM A TWO-DAY VISIT TO NEW YORK, WHERE HE CONFERRED BY TELEPHONE WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY, BRANDT INDICATED IMPORTANT NEW DE-CISIONS ARE IN THE MAKING FOR THE DIVIDED CITY.

BRANDT SAID HE WILL HOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE MONDAY ON MATTERS THAT "CANNOT YET BE PUBLICLY DISCUSSED"--BUT THAT PRESUMABLY STEM FROM THE TALKS PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK HELD WITH SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO.

IN WASHINGTON, WEST GERMAN AMBASSADOR WILHELM GREWE SAID THE KENNEDY-GROMYKO MEETING FRIDAY MARKED A STEP BACKWARD IN WHICH THE "END WAS MORE NEGATIVE THAN THE BEGINNING.

GREWE SAID IN A TV INTERVIEW IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO FIND OUT IF A BASIS FOR AN EAST-WEST BERLIN SETTLEMENT EXISTS, BUT ADDED: "UP TO NOW I DON'T SEE IT." HE SAID HE AGREED WITH KENNEDY'S REPORTED SENTIMENT THAT THE SOVIET UNION SEEKS TO TRADE "AN APPLE FOR AN ORCHARD" ON BERLIN.

IN EAST GERMANY SOVIET DEPUTY PREMIER ANASTAS I. MIKOYAN KEPT UP THE COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA ATTACK ON THE WEST'S POSITION IN BERLIN AND GERMANY.

THE OFFICIAL EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY ADN QUOTED HIM AS TELLING A GROUP OF PROFESSIONAL MEN AT KARL MARX STADT THAT THE SOVIET UNION IS "NOT IN A HURRY, BUT NOW WE DO NOT WANT TO DELAY THE CONCLUSION OF A (GERMAN) PEACE TREATY ANY LONGER."

"THREE YEARS IS A LONG TIME," HE SAID, REFERRING TO THE ORIGINAL SOVIET THREAT IN 1958 TO SIGN A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

HE REITERATED THE COMMUNIST LINE THAT GERMANY CAN BE RE-UNIFIED ONLY THROUGH THE MUTUAL APPROACH OF THE TWO GERMAN STATES--A PROPOSAL CONSISTENTLY REJECTED BY THE WESTERN POWERS.

"BONN (WEST GERMANY) WILL BE FORCED TO ACCEPT IT BY REALITY," MIKOYAN DECLARED. "BONN WANTS TO SAVE FACE, ALTHOUGH IT LOST IT LONG AGO."

MIKOYAN'S DECLARATIONS WERE NOT MAKING ANY APPARENT IMPRESSION ON U.S. OFFICIALS.

SEN. JACOB K. JAVITS, R-N.Y., TOLD A BERLIN NEWS CONFERENCE THAT NONRECOGNITION OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY REMAINS A BASIC PRINCIPLE OF U.S. FOREIGN POLICY.

"THERE HAS BEEN NO CHANGE IN THE FUNDAMENTAL POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES," HE DECLARED. "THAT POLICY IS TO HONOR TO THE LETTER OUR COMMITMENTS ON THE SECURITY AND FREEDOM OF BERLIN, ON THE NON-RECOGNITION OF THE EAST GERMAN REGIME, AND ON NOT MAKING THE BONN GOVERNMENT DEAL WITH THAT REGIME."

ANOTHER AMERICAN VISITOR TO BERLIN, SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, D-MINN., PREDICTED WEST BERLIN WOULD EMERGE FROM THE PRESENT CRISIS WITH ITS FREEDOM "NOT ONLY GUARANTEED BUT STRENGTHENED." HUMPHREY IS HERE FOR TALKS WITH BRANDT AND PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPECIAL REPRESEN-TATIVE IN BERLIN, GEN. LUCIUS D.9 CLAY.

THE COMMUNIST POLICE STAGED THE MOCK ESCAPE IN A WOODED AREA IN THE AMERICAN SECTOR DISTRICT OF NEUKOELLN NEAR TEMPELHOF AIRPORT.

THE TWO WEST BERLINERS WHO ESCAPED SAID THE RED GUARDS GAVE THEM THE IMPRESSION THEY WANTED TO FOLLOW THE MORE THAN 100 COMMUNIST POLICE AND BORDER GUARDS WHO HAVE GONE OVER THE BARRICADES TO THE WEST SINCE THE WALL WAS BUILT AUG. 13.

BUT WHEN THE FOUR WEST BERLINERS STARTED OPENING UP A GAP IN THE HOLE IN THE BARBED WIRE, THE COMMUNISTS OPENED FIRE AT POINT-BLANK RANGE. THE TWO MEN WHO ESCAPED SAID THEY DID NOT KNOW WHAT HAPPENED TO THEIR TWO FRIENDS.

WEST BERLIN POLICE LATER WENT TO THE SPOT, BUT FOUND NO TRACE OF THE MISSING MEN, ALTHOUGH THERE WERE CLEAR INDICATIONS THEY WERE DRAGGED THROUGH THE FENCE.

IT WAS THE SECOND SUCH INCIDENT IN TWO DAYS. FOUR WESTERN BERLINERS WHO APPROACHED THE BARRICADE FROM THE WESTERN SIDE IN THE FRENCH SECTOR SATURDAY WERE DRAGGED ACROSS THE BORDER. THREE LATER WERE RELEASED, THE FOURTH WAS WOUNDED BY RED GUNFIRE AND IS STILL MISSING.

THE FOUR WEST BERLINERS WHO TRIED TO BRING THEIR FIANCEES OUT OF EAST BERLIN ENTERED THE RED SECTOR SATURDAY NIGHT, HID OUT DURING THE DAY, THEN APPARENTLY TRIED A MASS ESCAPE. RED GUARDS GRABBED ALL EIGHT AS THEY TRIED TO CROSS THE BARRICADE AT THE SAME SPOT.

BRANT, WHO RECEIVED A FREEDOM HOUSE FOUNDATION AWARD IN NEW YORK, DECLARED UPON HIS RETURN THAT "I BRING TO ALL BERLINERS GREETINGS FROM PRESIDENT KENNEDY, EX-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND MANY OTHER AMERICANS."

"MY CONVERSATIONS CONVINCED ME THAT THE GOVERNMENT AND PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES ARE FULLY DETERMINED THAT BERLIN SHALL REMAIN FREE, THAT WE CAN RELY ON THIS, AND WHOEVER UNDERESTIMATES THE DETERMINATION OF THE UNITED STATES IS PLAYING WITH FIRE," HE SAID.

BRANDT SAID HE ALSO WOULD REPORT TO THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT ON WHAT HE HAS LEARNED OF THE U.S.-SOVIET NEGOTIATIONS.

(NO PICKUP)

AF1124PED

A118

(140)

WITH BERLIN 30-24

BERLIN, OCT. 8 (AP)-REINFORCED U.S. MILITARY POLICE UNITS ARE MANNING CHECK POINTS AND PATROLING THE AMERICAN SECTOR BORDER WITH EAST BERLIN IN PLACE OF THE YOUNGER AND RELATIVELY LESS EXPERIENCED ARMY COMBAT TROOPS, THE U.S. COMMAND SAID TODAY.

AN AMERICAN MILITARY SPOKESMAN CALLED THE CHANGEOVER "AN EXAMPLE OF OUR INCREASED ALERTNESS AND PREPAREDNESS" AND SAID "THE CHANGE IS NOT IN ANY SENSE A RELAXATION."

HE SAID THE MILITARY POLICE "ARE THE EXPERIENCED SPECIALISTS" FOR BORDER DUTY. THE SPOKESMAN SAID THE SWITCH BEGAN TWO WEEKS AGO AND THAT "AN ADDITIONAL MILITARY POLICE COMPANY WAS BROUGHT IN FROM WEST GERMANY FOR THE PURPOSE."

"OUR COMBAT TROOPS ARE ALWAYS ON THE ALERT," HE ADDED. "IF NECESSARY, THEY CAN BE BROUGHT TO ANY POINT ON THE BORDER WITHIN A FEW MINUTES."

AMERICAN OFFICIALS PRIVATELY EXPRESSED RESENTMENT AT WEST GERMAN AND WEST BERLIN PRESS REPORTS HINTING THAT THE CHANGE-OVER FROM COMBAT UNITS TO MILITARY POLICE SIGNIFIED A NEGLECT OF AMERICAN BORDER DUTIES.

AF1022PED

30-24

A84WX

(350) FIRST LEAD GREWE

WASHINGTON, OCT. 8 (AP)-WEST GERMAN AMBASSADOR WILHELM GREWE SAID TODAY THE KENNEDY-GROMYKO TALK REPRESENTED A STEP BACK ALONG THE PATH TOWARD FINDING A PEACEFUL BASIS FOR NEGOTIATION OF THE BERLIN CRISIS.

GREWE IS EXPECTED TO BE A KEY FIGURE IN ALLIED CONSULTATIONS TO DECIDE WHAT THE NEXT STEP SHOULD BE IN THE EFFORTS OF THE WEST TO SOLVE THE BERLIN DILEMMA. THESE CONSULTATIONS ARE EXPECTED TO TAKE PLACE IN THE NEXT FEW DAYS.

THE GERMAN DIPLOMAT'S PESSIMISTIC VIEW OF FRIDAY'S TALK BETWEEN PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND RUSSIAN FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO APPEARED TO CONFLICT WITH THE FEELINGS OF U. S. OFFICIALS. REPORTS FROM BOTH THE WHITE HOUSE AND THE STATE DEPARTMENT INDICATED THAT THERE WAS NO KEEN DISAPPOINTMENT IN THE WAKE OF THE KENNEDY-GROMYKO TALKS.

GREWE, REPLYING TO NEWSMEN'S QUESTIONS IN A TELEVISION INTERVIEW ABC-ISSUES AND ANSWERS) SAID HE THOUGHT THE KENNEDY-GROMYKO MEETING REPRESENTED A STEP BACK "IN COMPARISON WITH THE NEW YORK TALKS" BETWEEN GROMYKO AND SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK.

TAKING THE TALKS AS A WHOLE, GREWE SAID "THE DISTURBING THING IS THAT THE END OF THOSE TALKS WERE MORE NEGATIVE THAN THE BEGINNING, WHICH IS NOT VERY ENCOURAGING."

AT NEWPORT, R.I., WHERE KENNEDY SPENT THE WEEKEND, WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY PIERRE SALINGER DISCOUNTED REPORTS THAT KENNEDY WAS DISCOURAGED AS A RESULT OF HIS MEETING WITH THE RUSSIAN FOREIGN MINISTER. SALINGER SAID THE TALKS HAD NOT GONE SOUR EVEN THOUGH AS YET THEY HAD NOT PRODUCED A BASIS FOR NEGOTIATIONS.

SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK DISCUSSED THE UNITED STATES-SOVIET TALKS ON THE BERLIN CRISIS WITH AMBASSADOR LEWELLYN THOMPSON, THE U.S. ENVOY TO MOSCOW, WHO RETURNED TO WASHINGTON FOR CONSULTATION LATE FRIDAY.

TOMORROW RUSK IS ALSO SCHEDULED TO CONFER WITH AMBASSADOR WALTER C. DOWLING, THE U.S. ENVOY TO WEST GERMANY.

RUSK AND THOMPSON MET AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT EARLY THIS AFTERNOON, THEN LUNCHED TOGETHER. RUSK IS GIVING THOMPSON A DETAILED FILL-IN ON HIS AND PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S TALKS WITH GROMYKO. ONE PURPOSE IS TO BACKGROUND THOMPSON COMPLETELY SO THAT HE MAY CARRY ON EXPLORATORY TALKS WITH SOVIET OFFICIALS IN MOSCOW IN COMING WEEKS. THOMPSON IS EXPECTED TO BE IN WASHINGTON FOR SEVERAL DAYS.

BOTH KENNEDY AND RUSK ARE KNOWN TO FEEL THAT IT IS IMPORTANT TO HAVE MORE EXPLORATORY TALKS WITH THE SOVIET UNION. RUSK IS EXPECTED TO HOLD ANOTHER ROUND OF TALKS WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE WESTERN POWERS THIS WEEK OR NEXT.

GREWE SAID HE SAW NO PRACTICAL BASIS FOR FURTHER MEETINGS OR NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE RUSSIANS. IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO FIND OUT IF THE BASIS FOR A BERLIN SETTLEMENT EXISTS, HE SAID, ADDING:

"UP TO NOW I DON'T SEE IT."

GREWE SAID HE AGREED WITH REPORTS THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY FELT THE SOVIET UNION WANTED TO TRADE "AN APPLE FOR AN ORCHARD." KENNEDY WAS REPORTED AS HAVING MADE THE STATEMENT TO GROMYKO.

THE KENNEDY-GROMYKO MEETING CLIMAXED A SERIES OF CONFERENCES BETWEEN GROMYKO AND RUSK IN NEW YORK WHICH CALLED IN AN EFFORT AT LAYING A FOUNDATION FOR THE OPENING OF NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA.

GREWE SAID THE SOVIET OBJECTIVE IS TO ELIMINATE BERLIN AS AN OUTPOST OF WESTERN DEMOCRACY.

"THE COMMUNISTS CERTAINLY WANT TO INCORPORATE AND ANNEX BERLIN, THE WHOLE OF BERLIN," HE SAID. "ONCE THEY HAVE IT THEY HAVE THE SYMBOL OF GERMAN UNITY, OF GERMAN REUNIFICATION IN THEIR HANDS.

"I THINK THEN THE NEXT STAGE WOULD BE COMMUNIST DOMINATION."

GREWE SAID HIS GOVERNMENT IS NOT UNALTERABLY OPPOSED TO ANY CHANGE IN BERLIN BUT IS CONCERNED ABOUT TALK OF CONCESSIONS.

"THE BASIS OF OUR WHOLE EXISTENCE IS CONFIDENCE IN THE WESTERN ALLIES," HE SAID. ". . . THERE HAVE BEEN SOME VERY ALARMING DISCUSSIONS IN THE WESTERN PRESS ABOUT WESTERN CONCESSIONS . . . ON NON-VITAL INTERESTS BUT QUESTIONS WHICH ARE NOT NEGOTIABLE."

GREWE LISTED THESE THINGS AS FALLING IN THIS CATEGORY:

MILITARY TIES BETWEEN WEST BERLIN AND THE WEST; THE CONDITIONS OF GERMANY'S ENTRANCE INTO NATO; CONDITIONS ESTABLISHED FOR UNIFICATION OF GERMANY; REJECTION OF THE PRESENT GERMAN FRONTIERS, AND THE WHOLE SET-UP OF THE WESTERN DEFENSE SYSTEM.

THE AMBASSADOR SAID HE ALSO DID NOT THINK THERE SHOULD BE ANY CHANGE IN PRESENT PLANS UNDER WHICH WEST GERMANY WILL HAVE THE ABILITY TO FIGHT WITH NUCLEAR ARMS BUT THE WARHEADS WILL REMAIN UNDER AMERICAN CONTROL.

HE NOTED PRESIDENT KENNEDY TELEPHONED CONGRATULATIONS TO WEST BERLIN MAYOR WILLY BRANDT YESTERDAY AFTER BRANDT'S SPEECH IN NEW YORK. THE AMBASSADOR SAID HE CONSIDERED THIS INDICATED SUPPORT OF BRANDT'S REMARKS ON REUNIFYING GERMANY.

ON OTHER SUBJECTS HE SAID:

--THE NEXT STEP FOR THE ALLIES MUST BE TO ARRIVE AT AN AGREED POSITION AND EVALUATION OF THE SOVIET-U.S. TALKS.

--HE SUPPOSED THERE WOULD BE A MEETING OF THE WESTERN REPRESENTATIVES ON THIS SOON AND HE WOULD NOT RULE OUT A FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE.

GREWE WAS ASKED WHETHER ONE OF THE NON-NEGOTIABLE POSITIONS AS HE SAW IT WAS ANY ARRANGEMENT WHEREBY WEST GERMAN FORCES WOULD BE PREVENTED FROM HAVING NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

"I THINK ARRANGEMENTS WHICH WOULD TOUCH OUR PRESENT DEFENSE POSTURE ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE," GREWE SAID. "I THINK THE PRESENT DEFENSE SYSTEM WHICH WE HAVE IN GERMANY IS THE ABSOLUTE MINIMUM AND CANNOT BE REDUCED, AND THAT SYSTEM IS THAT THE BUNDESWEHR--THE GERMAN ARMED FORCES--ARE IN POSSESSION OF SOME MEANS OF DELIVERY OF ATOMIC WARHEADS BUT THEY ARE NOT IN POSSESSION OF THE WARHEADS THEMSELVES. THE WARHEADS ARE IN AMERICAN CUSTODY AND WE ARE SATISFIED WITH THIS SYSTEM--BUT WE WOULD NOT FAVOR ANY CHANGE OF THIS SITUATION."

LT527PED

A76

WITH BERLIN (120)

BERLIN, OCT. 8 (AP)-SOVIET DEPUTY PREMIER ANASTAS I. MIKOYAN MILDLY PRAISED THE LATE JOHN FOSTER DULLES TODAY FOR SEEKING A SOLUTION TO THE BERLIN CRISIS IN 1958.

MIKOYAN REFERRED TO DULLES IN A SPEECH TO A GROUP OF PROFESSIONAL MEN AT THE EAST GERMAN INDUSTRIAL CITY OF KARL MARX STADT. THE SPEECH WAS REPORTED BY THE COMMUNIST EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY ADN.

MIKOYAN RECALLED THE SIX-MONTH TIME LIMIT SET BY THE SOVIET UNION IN 1958 FOR THE CONCLUSION OF A GERMAN PEACE TREATY, AND HIS OWN VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES THAT YEAR, WHEN HE DISCUSSED THE BERLIN PROBLEM WITH THE LATE SECRETARY OF STATE AND OTHER AMERICAN LEADERS.

"IT BECAME CLEAR TO ME THAT THE UNITED STATES--AND EVEN DULLES--WAS LOOKING FOR A WAY OUT OF THE SITUATION," ADN QUOTED MIKOYAN AS SAYING. "THEY ONLY ASKED NOT TO BE PLACED BEFORE AN ULTIMATUM.

"I REPORTED TO MY GOVERNMENT THAT THE WEST WAS NOT YET READY TO UNDERSTAND THE BASIC PRINCIPLES OF OUR POLICY."

THIS LED TO DRAWN-OUT NEGOTIATIONS, HE SAID, WHICH COLLAPSED AFTER LAST YEAR'S U2 SPY PLANE INCIDENT.

"THREE YEARS IS A LONG TIME," MIKOYAN SAID. "WE ARE NOT IN A HURRY, BUT NOW WE DO NOT WANT TO DELAY THE CONCLUSION OF A PEACE TREATY ANY LONGER."

30.24-1881

MIKOYAN REPEATED THE FAMILIAR COMMUNIST LINE THAT GERMANY CAN BE REUNIFIED ONLY THROUGH A MUTUAL APPROACH BETWEEN THE TWO GERMAN STATES. THIS HAS BEEN CONSISTENTLY OPPOSED BY THE WESTERN POWERS.

"BONN (WEST GERMANY) WILL BE FORCED TO ACCEPT IT BY REALITY," MIKOYAN DECLARED. "BONN WANTS TO SAVE FACE, ALTHOUGH IT LOST IT LONG AGO."

HE SAID THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT TRIED TO TURN TRADE RELATIONS WITH EAST GERMANY INTO A WHIP WITH WHICH TO BEAT THE EAST GERMAN STATE INTO SUBMISSION.

"THE (COMMUNIST) GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC DOES NOT WANT TO BE WHIPPED," ADN QUOTED HIM AS SAYING. "THERE CAN BE A DIVISION OF WORK BETWEEN THE TWO PARTS OF GERMANY. BUT IF SUCH COOPERATION IS ABUSED, THEN THE ECONOMY HAS TO BE FREED OF INTERFERENCE.

"WHY SHOULD A COUNTRY NOT BE ABLE TO EXIST WITHOUT WEST GERMANY? YOU CAN BUY THE GOODS YOU NEED FROM US, OR FROM JAPAN, OR FROM SWEDEN. THIS HAS TO BE MADE QUITE CLEAR TO WEST GERMANY. . . ECONOMIC AFFAIRS CANNOT BE CONDUCTED UNDER THREATS," HE SAID.

AF648PED

A74

(400) 30-24

BERLIN, OCT. 8 (AP)-SEN. JACOB K. JAVITS, R-N.Y., SAID TODAY THAT NONRECOGNITION OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY REMAINS A BASIC PRINCIPLE OF AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY.

JAVITS TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE "THERE HAS BEEN NO CHANGE IN THE FUNDAMENTAL POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES. THAT POLICY IS TO HONOR TO THE LETTER OUR COMMITMENTS ON THE SECURITY AND FREEDOM OF BERLIN, ON THE NONRECOGNITION OF THE EAST GERMAN REGIME, AND ON NOT MAKING THE BONN GOVERNMENT (WEST (WEST GERMANY) DEAL WITH THAT REGIME."

THERE HAVE BEEN FREQUENT REPORTS THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY MIGHT CONSIDER SOME FORM OF RECOGNITION OF EAST GERMANY IN RETURN FOR A SETTLEMENT ON BERLIN.

JAVITS SAID HE WAS AWARE THE BONN GOVERNMENT ALREADY DEALT WITH THE EAST GERMANS ON TECHNICAL MATTERS SUCH AS TRANSPORT AND TRADE. "BUT WEST GERMANY SHOULD NOT BE COMPELLED TO GIVE THEM DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION AS A SOVEREIGN GOVERNMENT," HE ADDED.

JAVITS ALSO EXPRESSED OPPOSITION TO THE IDEA OF A NEUTRAL OR DEMILITARIZED ZONE IN CENTRAL EUROPE, WHICH HE SAID WOULD CREATE A DANGEROUS POWER VACUUM AND BREED NEW INTERNATIONAL FRICTION.

JAVITS LEFT FOR BONN AFTER A BRIEF VISIT TO BERLIN, INCLUDING A TOUR OF EAST BERLIN AND OF THE COMMUNIST WALL DIVIDING THE CITY. HE IS SCHEDULED TO MEET WITH CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER TOMORROW OR TUESDAY.

JAVITS TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE AT TEMPELHOF AIRFIELD, "THERE CAN BE NO QUESTION OF THE ABSOLUTE SOLIDARITY OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY AS TO THE AMERICAN POSITION ON BERLIN AND THE DETERMINATION NOT TO YIELD OUR RIGHT OF ACCESS TO THE CITY OR COMPROMISE THE FREEDOM OF ITS INHABITANTS UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES."

HE SAID HE HAD SEEN REPORTS THAT SOME REPUBLICANS DOUBTED BERLIN'S FUTURE VALUE AS A WESTERN SHOWCASE SINCE THE WALL STOPPED ALL CONTACT BETWEEN THE TWO PARTS OF THE CITY.

"THIS IS NOT TRUE," HE SAID. "THERE IS A TREMENDOUS INTEREST IN BERLIN AND A DETERMINATION TO KEEP IT PROSPEROUS AND SUCCESSFUL. ALTHOUGH IT IS NO LONGER AS VIVID A SHOWCASE, BECAUSE IT CANNOT BE SEEN BY PEOPLE FROM THE EAST AND REFUGEES CAN NO LONGER COME IN SUCH NUMBERS, IT REMAINS A SYMBOL OF HOPE FOR ALL THE PEOPLE OF EASTERN EUROPE."

HE DREW A PARALLEL BETWEEN BERLIN AND ANOTHER DIVIDED CITY, JERUSALEM, WHICH, HE SAID WAS PROSPERING DESPITE THE ARAB-ISRAELI BORDER RUNNING THROUGH IT.

"THE BRANDENBURG GATE CAN BE COMPARED TO THE MANDELBAUM GATE WHICH MARKS THE BORDER IN JERUSALEM," HE SAID. "BERLINERS COULD DRAW INSPIRATION FROM THIS, AND MAKE THEIR CITY AS SUCCESSFUL AS JERUSALEM."

ASKED WHAT HE THOUGHT WERE POSSIBLE AREAS OF NEGOTIATION WITH THE RUSSIANS ON BERLIN, HE SAID: "THE REAL AREA OF NEGOTIATION IS HOW TO BRING ABOUT THE UNIFICATION OF GERMANY AND OF BERLIN AND GIVE THE RUSSIANS SOME REASSURANCE AGAINST THE DANGER OF A REUNIFIED GERMANY AGAIN RISING TO BE AN AGGRESSOR.

"THE BEST ASSURANCES ARE IN THE NORTH ATLANTC TREATY ORGANIZATION (NATO) AND IN THE UNITED NATIONS THAT THIS WILL NOT HAPPEN. THE FRAME OF REFERENCE IN WHICH WE ARE LIVING TODAY MAKES IT INCONCEIVABLE."

AF533PED

A58 30-24

FIRST LEAD POLAND A4 (200)

WARSAW, POLAND, OCT. 8 (AP)-POLISH COMMUNIST BOSS WLADYSLAW GOMULKA TOLD THE NATION TODAY THE EAST-WEST CRISIS OVER BERLIN HAS EASED SOMEWHAT AND EXPRESSED BELIEF THERE WILL BE A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT.

"THE SITUATION HAS CHANGED FOR THE BETTER IN THAT THE UNITED STATES FOUND IT NECESSARY TO START PRELIMINARY TALKS WITH THE SOVIET UNION ON MATTERS CONCERNING THE CONCLUSION OF A PEACE TREATY WITH THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC (COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY) AND WEST BERLIN," GOMULKA SAID.

GOMULKA SPOKE AT CEREMONIES OPENING THE WIEPRZ-KRZNA CANAL IN THE EASTERN PROVINCE OF LUBLIN.

THE OFFICIAL POLISH COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER TRYBUNA LUDU ANNOUNCED EARLIER THAT POLAND HAS DECIDED TO POSTPONE DEMOBILIZING SOLDIERS WHOSE ARMY SERVICE WAS DUE TO EXPIRE THIS MONTH. THE CABINET ACTION WAS IN LINE WITH MILITARY MOVES OF OTHER COMMUNIST BLOC COUNTRIES.

THE PAPER SAID THE SOLDIERS' TERMS OF SERVICE WILL BE EXTENDED UNTIL A GERMAN PEACE TREATY IS SIGNED. THE NUMBER OF SOLDIERS INVOLVED WAS NOT DISCLOSED.

GOMULKA SAID CURRENT PRELIMINARY EAST-WEST CONTACTS WOULD PROBABLY BE FOLLOWED BY FULL SCALE NEGOTIATIONS.

"ONE CAN BE SURE THAT IN THE RULING CIRCLES OF THE WESTERN POWERS THE FORCES OF COMMON SENSE WILL GAIN THE UPPER HAND AND THAT SOMEWHAT LESSENED INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS WILL CONTINUE TO DECREASE AND WILL GIVE WAY TO A PEACEFUL SOLUTION," HE ADDED.

(NO PICKUP)

AF417PED

A73 30-24

WALTHAM, MASS., OCT. 8 (AP)-U.N. AMBASSADOR ADLAI E. STEVENSON SAID ~~TODAY MANKIND MUST AVOID "THE FEELING THAT NOTHING CAN BE~~ DONE" ABOUT WORLD CRISES.

"THE ONE UGLY OBSTACLE TO CREATIVE ACTION WHICH WE MUST AVOID IS HOPELESSNESS," HE TOLD SOME 4,000 PERSONS AT A SPECIAL CONVOCATION AT BRANDEIS UNIVERSITY.

"WE MUST, WE CAN, RISE TO THE HEIGHTS OF STATESMANSHIP NEEDED TO BRING OUT FEARFUL FORCES OF DESTRUCTION UNDER CONTROL," HE SAID. "NO ASSEMBLY IN THE UNITED NATIONS' HISTORY HAS EQUALED THE IMPORTANCE OF OUR MEETINGS IN NEW YORK AT THIS TIME.

"THERE IS REALLY ONLY ONE ITEM ON OUR AGENDA--THE SURVIVAL OF THE HUMAN RACE."

AF522PED

A90WX

30-24

WASHINGTON, OCT. 9 (AP)-THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAD CONDUCTED ITS 19TH NUCLEAR ATMOSPHERIC SHOT OF THE CURRENT SERIES EARLY THIS MORNING.

THE SHOT WAS FIRED IN THE ARCTIC REGION IN THE VICINITY OF NOVAYA ZEMLYA.

"THE DETONATION WAS IN THE ATMOSPHERE AND WAS IN THE LOW YIELD RANGE," THE AEC SAID.

THE UNITED STATES, WHICH RESUMED NUCLEAR TESTING UNDERGROUND AFTER THE RUSSIANS BEGAN THEIR SERIES IN THE AIR, HAS FIRED TWO SHOTS SO FAR.

EG705PED NM

A19WX

30-24

(180) LAPP

WASHINGTON, OCT. 8 (AP)-ATOMIC SCIENTIST RALPH E. LAPP EXPRESSED THE OPINION TODAY THAT RUSSIA'S NUCLEAR TESTS ALREADY HAVE EXCEEDED THE "SAFE ANNUAL LIMIT" OF FALL OUT DANGER.

INTERVIEWED ON A RECORDED RADIO PROGRAM (ABC AS WE SEE IT), LAPP SAID:

"THEY HAVE, ACCORDING TO THE LATEST COUNT, SENT UP OVER 10 MEGATONS OF WEAPONS, I DON'T KNOW PRECISELY HOW MUCH OF THIS WOULD BE DIRTY, BUT THIS, IN MY OPINION, EXCEEDS THE SAFE LEVEL THAT A NUMBER OF SCIENTISTS, SOME OF THEM FROM THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, AGREED UPON AS A SAFE LEVEL BACK IN 1957 WHEN WE DIDN'T KNOW ABOUT THE DIFFERENT KIND OF FALLOUT FROM RUSSIAN TESTS."

"IT TURNS OUT," HE ADDED, "THAT RUSSIAN TESTS DUMP THEIR DEBRIS BACK TO THE EARTH SOONER THAN THE AMERICAN TESTS IN THE PACIFIC, AND THEREFORE, WE FIND OUT ON THE ACTUAL BASE OF MEASUREMENTS THAT YOU GET 10 TIMES AS MUCH RADIATION DOSE FROM THESE ARCTIC TESTS IN RUSSIA AS YOU DO FROM AMERICAN TESTS IN THE PACIFIC.

"THEREFORE, THE SAFE ANNUAL LIMIT FOR RUSSIAN TESTING I WOULD PUT CLOSER TO THE VALUE OF 3 MEGATONS PER YEAR THAN I WOULD THE OLD 1957 VALUE OF 10 MEGATONS PER YEAR."

LAPP, WHO WORKED ON THE MANHATTAN PROJECT THAT DEVELOPED THE WORLD WAR II ATOMIC BOMB, IS NOW A CONSULTING PHYSICIST IN WASHINGTON.

GG123PED

A101

30-24

(250)

NEW YORK, OCT. 8 (AP)-THE NATIONALIST CHINESE AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED NATIONS SAID TONIGHT HIS GOVERNMENT IS RECONSIDERING ITS DECISION TO VETO THE ADMISSION OF OUTER MONGOLIA TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

APPEARING ON THE "MEET THE PRESS" TELEVISION PROGRAM (NBC), DR. T.F. TSIANG SAID "THE FINAL DECISION HAS NOT BEEN MADE."

PREVIOUSLY, NATIONALIST PRESIDENT CHIANG KAI-SHEK HAD DECLARED THAT HIS GOVERNMENT WOULD USE THE VETO TO BAR OUTER MONGOLIA FROM THE WORLD BODY.

TSIANG ACKNOWLEDGED IN ANSWER TO QUESTIONS THAT DIPLOMATS OF THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER FRIENDLY GOVERNMENTS HAD COUNSELED THE NATIONALISTS NOT TO USE THE VETO.

HE LASHED OUT AT OUTER MONGOLIA AS A SOVIET PUPPET BUT REITERATED THAT THE QUESTION OF WHETHER TO USE THE VETO WAS STILL UNDER "CAREFUL CONSIDERATION."

ON OTHER POINTS, TSIANG EMPHASIZED THAT HIS COUNTRY WAS ADAMANT IN OPPOSING ANY SORT OF U.N. MEMBERSHIP FOR COMMUNIST CHINA AND THAT IT WOULD PREFER TO HAVE NO U.N. REPRESENTATION RATHER THAN GO ALONG WITH A TWO-CHINA ARRANGEMENT.

HE SAID HE EXPECTED A "HARD DEBATE" AT THIS U.N. SESSION ON THE QUESTION OF RED CHINA'S ADMISSION BUT PREDICTED THE COMMUNIST BID WOULD BE REBUFFED.

REGARDING COMMUNIST CHINA ITSELF, TSIANG SAID THE REGIME IS NOW IN ITS "WEAKEST POSITION" BECAUSE OF FOOD SHORTAGES AND INTERNAL OPPRESSION AND ADDED THAT "THE DECAY OF THE COMMUNIST REGIME HAS ALREADY BEGUN."

THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT, SAID THE AMBASSADOR, AWAITS A HUNGARIAN-STYLE UPRISING ON THE MAINLAND, AT WHICH TIME THE NATIONALISTS WOULD MOVE IN "WITH ALL THAT WE HAVE."

TSIANG SAID ATOMIC WEAPONS WERE NOT NECESSARY FOR THE DEFENSE OF THE NATIONALIST OFFSHORE ISLANDS OF QUEMOY AND MATSU BUT ADDED THAT IF THE COMMUNIST CHINESE GOT ATOMIC WEAPONS AND USED THEM AGAINST THE ISLANDS "WE WILL SEEK SIMILAR WEAPONS."

A125PX AF832PED

(210)

30-24

POTTSTOWN, PA., OCT. 8 (AP)-INDIA'S PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE TO THE UNITED NATIONS SAID TONIGHT HIS COUNTRY BELIEVES A SECRETARY GENERAL SHOULD HOLD THE POWER IN THE UN.

"WE MIGHT SUGGEST SOME COLLECTIVE GROUP TO ADVISE THE SECRETARIAT--A CONFERENCE GROUP. BUT WE ARE NOT IN FAVOR OF THE VETO," SAID DR. C.S. JHAN.

THE CAREER DIPLOMAT MADE HIS STATEMENT DURING A TALK AT THE HILL SCHOOL FOR BOYS HERE.

HE HAD BEEN ASKED TO COMMENT ON RECENT RUSSIAN PROPOSALS FOR A FIVE-MAN BOARD TO ADVISE THE SECRETARY GENERAL. THE PROPOSAL WAS REJECTED BY THE UNITED STATES LAST WEEK ON GROUNDS THAT IT CONTAINED AN INHERENT VETO POWER.

JHAN, INDIAN UN REPRESENTATIVE SINCE 1959 AND FORMER INDIAN AMBASSADOR TO JAPAN, SPOKE WITHOUT A PREPARED TEXT.

HE BASED HIS TALK ON NON-ALIGNED NATIONS, SAYING THEY PRESENT A HEALTHY FORCE BY ACTING AS A BUFFER BETWEEN EAST AND WEST.

"WE ARE A MORAL FORCE IN THE UNITED NATIONS," HE SAID, "WE EXERCISE MORAL SUASION. THE NON-ALIGNED NATIONS SEEK THE METTERMENT OF THE WORLD."

HE SAID THE SO CALLED NEUTRAL BLOCK PREFERS TO SEE ITSELF AS THE NON ALIGNED NATIONS BECAUSE "NEUTRAL IS A WORD USED ONLY IN WARTIME. WE ARE AT PEACE."

TURNING TO TESTING OF ATOMIC WEAPONS, JHAN SAID "WE DEPLORE ALL TESTING AS A MEANS OF PREPARATION FOR WAR. WE DEPLORE ALL THOUGHTS OF WAR. BUT WHEN THE WHOLE WORLD IS DIVIDED INTO EAST AND WEST, WAR IS NEARLY INEVITABLE."

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A31

(320)

30-24

BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

UNITED NATIONS,N.Y., OCT 8 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION IS GIVING DIRECT ECONOMIC AID TO 20 UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES AND HAS GRANTED $2.7 BILLION IN LOANS.

THIS WAS SHOWN TODAY IN A NEW U.N. STATISTICAL REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL ASSISTANCE, THE THIRD IN A SERIES PREPARED YEARLY AT THE REQUEST OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL.

THE REPORT, BASED ON FIGURES FROM GOVERNMENTS, DID NOT GIVE THE AMOUNT OF SOVIET GRANTS OR THE COST OF SOVIET TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE. THE TOTAL FOR LOANS APPEARED TO COVER AN ACCUMULATION OF SEVERAL YEARS.

BY COMPARISON, U.S. ECONOMIC AID FOR 1960 ALONE IN LOANS, GRANTS AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AMOUNTED TO $2,043,000,000, THE REPORT SHOWED.

CORRESPONDING FIGURES INCLUDED $774 MILLION FROM FRANCE, $310 MILLION FROM BRITAIN AND $109 MILLION FROM WEST GERMANY, $86 MILLION FROM BELGIUM, $81 MILLION FROM JAPAN, AND $48 MILLION FROM CANANADA.

THE SOVIET UNION'S CREDITS, THE REPORT SAID, ARE NORMALLY REPAYABLE WITHIN 12 YEARS AT 2 TO 2 1/2 PER CENT INTEREST. THEY ARE EXTENDED "TO MEET THE EXPENSES OF THE SOVIET AGENCIES INVOLVED" DIRECTLY IN INDUSTRIAL AND OTHER PROJECTS. THE PROJECTS NUMBER ABOUT 350.

"REPAYMENTS CAN NORMALLY BE MADE IN LOCAL EXPORT COMMODITIES," THE REPORT WENT ON, "BEGINNING ONE YEAR AFTER THE COMPLETION OF DELIVERIES OF MATERIALS FOR EACH PROJECT OR ONE YEAR AFTER COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT ITSELF.

"THE U.S.S.R. ALSO GIVES SUBSTANTIAL ASSISTANCE IN THE TRAINING OF PERSONNEL."

IN 1960, THE REPORT SAID, CUBA, GUINEA AND MALI SIGNED UP FOR SOVIET AID FOR THE FIRST TIME. ETHIOPIA, INDIA, INDONESIA, IRAQ AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC SIGNED UP FOR ADDITIONAL SOVIET HELP.

AFGHANISTAN, BURMA, CAMBODIA, CEYLON, GHANA, NEPAL, PAKISTAN AND YEMEN ALSO ARE GETTING SUCH HELP. THE OTHER FOUR COUNTRIES AMONG THE 20 GETTING SOVIET AID WERE NOT LISTED.

A $100-MILLION SOVIET CREDIT TO CUBA IS TO BUILD POWER STATIONS FOR THE GENERATION OF 300,000 KILOWATTS AND TO REBUILD THREE STEEL MILLS. THE SOVIET UNION IS ALSO PROSPECTING FOR OIL, IRON ORE AND OTHER MINERALS IN CUBA."

"IT IS EXPECTED THAT, IN 1961," THE REPORT SAID, "400 CUBAN STUDENTS WILL BE ENROLLED IN EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE U.S.S.R. AND 400 WORKERS AND TECHNICIANS WILL RECEIVE ON-THE-JOB TRAINING IN SOVIET ENTERPRISES."

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A46

(170) 30-24

LONDON, OCT. 8 (AP)-FIELD MARSHAL VISCOUNT MONTGOMERY WAS LUCKY NOT TO BE RELIEVED OF HIS COMMAND BY GEN. DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER IN THE LAST MONTHS OF WORLD WAR II, A BRITISH GENERAL SUGGESTS IN A NEW BOOK TO BE PUBLISHED THIS WEEK.

GEN. SIR FREDERICK MORGAN, WHO WAS ATTACHED TO SUPREME HEAD-QUARTERS OF THE ALLIED EXPEDITIONARY FORCE, TELLS THIS STORY IN "PEACE AND WAR:"

MONTGOMERY TRIED TO PRESSURE THE AMERICANS INTO LETTING THE ALLIED ARMIES ADVANCE ON A NARROW FRONT. EISENHOWER STOOD FIRM FOR A DRIVE TO THE RHINE ON A BROAD FRONT.

MORGAN ONE DAY FOUND THE LATE GEN. WALTER BEDELL SMITH, EISENHOWER'S CHIEF OF STAFF, "WHITE WITH PASSION" AT HIS DESK. ON THE DESK LAY A TELEPHONE FROM WHICH A VOICE WAS CRACKLING.

"LOOK, BOY," SMITH SAID. "THAT'S YOUR BLOODY MARSHAL ON THE OTHER END OF THAT. I CAN'T TALK TO HIM ANY MORE. NOW YOU GO ON."

MORGAN TOLD MONTGOMERY THAT UNLESS HE DID AS HE WAS TOLD ALL AVAILABLE SUPPLIES WOULD BE SWITCHED FROM THE BRITISH TO THE AMERICANS.

"THAT WORKED," HE SAYS.

MORGAN CONCLUDES THAT EISENHOWER COULD HAVE ASKED MONTGOMERY'S IMMEDIATE RELIEF BUT, AS A DIPLOMAT, HE SAW THAT SUCH A STEP WOULD HAVE DAMAGED BRITISH-AMERICAN UNITY.

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A55WX

(300) ADVANCE FOR 530PM EST TODAY

ADA 30-24

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, OCT. 8 (AP)-AMERICANS FOR DEMOCRATIC ACTION URGED SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA TODAY TO CONTINUE HIS "UNYIELDING OPPOSITION TO CERTAIN BIRCH-ORIENTED OFFICERS WHO USE THEIR POSITIONS TO INFLUENCE THE POLITICS OF THEIR TROOPS."

IN A STATEMENT ATTACKING THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY, THE ADA SAID "CONCESSIONS TO SUCH OFFICERS WILL ONLY EMBOLDEN THEM TO INTENSIFY THEIR ANTI-DEMOCRATIC EFFORTS."

"THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT ORDER OF OCT. 5 IS A MINIMUM CONDITION FOR A RESPONSIBLE AND DEMOCRATIC MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT," THE ADA STATEMENT ADDED.

THIS REFERRED TO MCNAMARA'S ORDER OF LAST THURSDAY LAYING DOWN GUIDELINES FOR MILITARY PARTICIPATION IN SEMINARS AND OTHER INFORMATION PROGRAMS SPONSORED BY NONGOVERNMENTAL GROUPS. THE DEFENSE SECRETARY

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DECREED THAT MILITARY SPEAKERS AT SUCH MEETINGS MUST STICK TO MILITARY SUBJECTS, AVOID PARTISAN EXPRESSIONS, AND ADHERE TO ESTABLISHED POLICY.

THE ADA, WHICH DESCRIBES ITSELF AS AN ORGANIZATION DEVOTED TO LIBERAL CAUSES, SAID RADICAL RIGHT WING GROUPS, "OF WHICH THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY IS ONLY THE MOST EXTENSIVELY PUBLICIZED," ARE GROWING IN STRENGTH AS THE INTERNATIONAL CRISIS DEEPENS.

THE BIRCH SOCIETY WAS FORMED IN 1958 AS A MILITANTLY CONSERVATIVE ANTI-COMMUNIST ORGANIZATION. IT FIGURED IN THE CAUSE OF MAJ. GEN. EDWIN A. WALKER, WHO WAS RELIEVED OF HIS DIVISIONAL COMMAND IN GERMANY AND ADMONISHED BY THE ARMY AFTER AN INVESTIGATION OF CHARGES THAT HE HAD ACCUSED PROMINENT AMERICANS OF PRO-COMMUNIST LEANINGS.

THE ARMY UPHELD WALKER'S CONTENTION, HOWEVER, THAT THERE WAS NO LINK BETWEEN THE BIRCH SOCIETY AND A TROOP INFORMATION PROGRAM HE INSTITUTED IN THE 24TH INFANTRY DIVISION.

THE ADA SAID THAT "ALTHOUGH THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY IS BY NO MEANS WHOLLY FREE FROM THIS DANGER, THE MAIN THRUST OF BIRCHISM POINTS DIRECTLY TO THE HEART OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY."

IT CALLED ON REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CHAIRMAN WILLIAM E. MILLER AND THE GOP CONGRESSIONAL LEADERS TO "REPUDIATE ALL REPUBLICAN TIES WITH THESE RIGHT WING TOTALITARIANS."

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END OCTOBER 8 1961